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THE TARIFF.

ADVERSE REPORT ON RANDALL'S BILL BY MORRISON'S COM-MITTEE.

ABLE AND SCATHING ANAL-YSIS OF ITS PRINCIPAL FEATURES

Some Glaring Inconsistencies of the Pennsylvanian Pointed Out.

Proof That His Measure Would Double

the Tax on Staples, And His Whole Theory Graphically

Described as a "Fiscal Dis-

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 7.—Congressman William R. Morrison's reort on the tariff bill was finished about 5 o'clock this atternoon but too late to present to the house. It will be filed to-morow. It is a strong, pungent document, and a full report will be read by the readers of the newspapers with great interest. "The majority of the committee beg leave to report," says Mr. Morrison, reterring to the title of Randall's bill which heads his report, "that the bill proposes to remove all internal taxes on tobacco smuff and cigars, amounting on the basis of last year's receipts, to \$28,000,to \$1,400,000; on spirits for use in the \$7,000,000 to \$15,000,000 and believed to be at least \$10,000,000, making in appendix of estimates summitted with of results. the bill, as part of it, the reduction of be effected by it is estimotee at \$8,570,revenues to be reduced, were submitted to the house by the same member in the same half month. It the statein the same half month. It the state-ment that the revenues will not exceed appropriations and the estimates with the bill, including loss of receipts from brandy and from spirits for use in the the payment of which is enjoined upon willing to credit a purpose so lacking in patriotism, so forgetful of the public faith, must believe these and other pro-visions of the bill the result of

FISCAL DISTEMPER. hindering a just comprehension and in telligent treatment of the subject. In view of its effect and purpose so far as it has a purpose affecting the revenue of government, the bill might well be left to that neglect which, no doubt, it was expected to receive. But in the hope that even so unwise a measure may open the way for the majority of the house to redeem its pledge by the removal and reduction of unecessary and, therefore, unjust taxes, your com-mittee report the bill back with the recommendation that it do not pass.
"The bill changes the duty or rate of tax on articles yielding less than onetenth (17,000,000), out of the \$181,000,-000 received from customs in 1885; it increases those which yielded \$11,600,-000 and decreases or removes those

free-list, the duty or import tax is reduced on castor beans, castor oil, starch. iron and steel rails, rods, beams, girders, lead, and other articles yielding \$3,300,000 of revenue, and the revenue is estimated in the bill to fall off in proportion to the reduced rate of taxation recommended. The tax on all clothing, whether of silk, linen, cot.on or woolen, and on other woolen goods or tin-plate, cotton ties, and other arti-cles yielding, as already stated, \$11, 600,000, is increased, and the revenue is estimated to fall off in still greater proportion than on articles upon which e rate of tax is reduced. Apparentief that a necessity existed for a reducthrough higher and lower taxes. The estimates with the bill are made on this

HEWITT'T BILL "So much of the bill as related to the administration of the custom laws, known as Mr. Hewitt's bill, has received the approval of this committee than \$1,000,000, may well be made, whenever the condition of the treasury and their amount as large as the de-

t its receipts, would justify.

Under the Morrill protective tariff, "The official or census statistics show of its receipts, would justify. to it, the highest tax on manufactures of wool was 12 cents a pound, and 25 per cent. on the value; the average tax an all woolen clothing and other woolen goods was not more than \$30 on the \$100 worth. As the tariff now is, all the lower priced woolen goods of foreign make and such as are in use among the common people, are so highly taxed as to be excluded from our markets because a high protective our markets because a high protective of woolen good. In these twenty years all the common people, are so highly taxed as to be excluded from our markets because a high protective.

Intal petore 1000, 1 legislation. The average on such higher goods as are imported is \$67 16 on the \$100 worth, and the highest rate

mill or shop product with which protectionists do not make a pretense of still greater proportion than unemployed labor lies dead or unproductive.

Our hills and mountains are full of mill or shop product with which pro- for want of work to do, and capital in for their profit. Two-thirds of the cot- Our hills and mountains are full of ton grown here must still find a market abroad. Cotton ties, which are a considerable item of expense and indispension of the sale of cotton ties, which are a considerable item of expense and indispension of the sale of cotton abroad when the sale of cotton ties, which are a considerable item of expense and indispension and the sale of cotton ties, which are a considerable item of expense and indispension and the sale of cotton ties, which are a considerable item of expense and indispension and the sale of cotton ties, which are a considerable item of expense and indispension and the sale of cotton ties, which are a considerable item of expense and indispension and the sale of cotton ties, which are a considerable item of expense and indispension and the sale of cotton ties, which are a considerable item of expense and indispension and the sale of cotton ties, which are a considerable item of expense and indispension are to be a considerable item of expense and indispension are to be a considerable item of expense and indispension are to be a considerable item of expense and indispension are to be a considerable item of expense and indispension are to be a considerable item of expense and indispension are to be a considerable item of expense and indispension are to be a considerable item of expense and indispension are to be a considerable item of expense and indispension are to be a considerable item of expense and indispension are to be a considerable item of expense and indispension are to be a considerable item of expense and indispension are to be a considerable item of expension are to be a considerable item of expension are to be a considerable item of expension are to be a considerable item of expense and indispension are to be a considerable item of expension

These statements of the estimated and intended effect of the bill are believed to make plain the methods by which taxation, which on the basis of would yield \$14,000,000 of revenue, is made to divert that sum from public

purposes to private gain. The introduc-tion of this bill would be considered the first avowed attempt in our legislative history to empty the treasury by tection's sake," but for the following authority to levy import duties for protection for protection's sake. In other words I can find nothing which gives authority to the congress of the United States to raise taxes on impor

duties for protection, per se.

opoly and to class legislation."

If this measure may be supposed to variously estimated at from treasury nothing, new sources of supply will be inevitable. The measure is not

A high protective tariff leads to mon

supposed to foreshadow anysuch system the aggregate of internal revenue taxes or to do more than indicate an orgin In reporting the bill to reduce tariff om customs on tariff taxes to taxes and to provide for the better collection thereof, the committee, in April 576, making the aggregate of proposed last, estimating the receipts for the reductions \$48,000,000. The bill to so year ending June 30, 1886, at \$335, reduce excessive revenues, and the 000,000, and the annual surplus as exstatement that there are no excessive ceeding \$30,000,000 after meeting all money obligations of the government. This favorable estimate has been ex

arts, may be credited, the enactment of 788, or \$16,664,182 less than the previ-the bill into a law will leave the gov-ernment \$48,000,000 short of the sum \$45,978,502. We may therefore sately necessary to the administration of the count on a surplus of \$30,000,000 for government, and the requirements of the current year, allowing \$15,000,000 the public debt authorized by law, in-cluding debt incurred by payment of pensions already allowed, the validity ber of pensions. Attempts to remove the payment of which is enjoined upon are usually justified by asserting these us in the oath we have taken to support to be war taxes and in apparent forelates to its many obligations, the war is not half over and will not be over until we have paid \$400,000,000 yet to be collected in taxes from the people. At best taxes are a

MOST GRIEVOUS BURDEN upon the industry, thrift and comfort of the people. They should be laid so as to cause the least bindrance to these ndustries and comforts; the least interference with freely chosen pursuits, whole value of boots and shoos made and as far as possible on articles the in the United States in 1850 was \$53. use of which and the payment of tax use of which and the payment of tax thereon would be largely voluntary. hereon would be largely voluntary. "When, in 1866, internal war taxes amount of manufactures in 1850 was were highest, spirits, tobacco and malt \$1,013,336,463, and is now in the loyal tax was then \$2 per gallon or more than double the present rate. Tobacco in different forms paid different rates, and the average rate was 35 centers. liquors paid less than 20 per cent. or states alone \$1,761,000,000. Such facts should make every man with an Amerpound or more than four times the resent rates. It is therefore apparent hat more than 90 per cent. of internal

which yield \$5,000,000 on the basis of imports for 1885. It does not reduce the revenue from customs \$8,570,576, debt yet to be paid. In 1866 more than nor at all, but does increase it \$5,500, 200 articles were on the internal reve-000. Beside the articles added to the | uue taxable list. Of these spirits, malt liquors and tobacco in its various forms are all that remain. The tax on all manufactures, carriages, watches, diaonds, firearms, lotteries, brokers, express, insurance, railroad and telegraph companies, banks, bankers and inand tobacco taxes have been removed. The burden of all taxation now rests on the liquor and tobacco tax, so reduced, and on the clothing, food and shelter of the people and other articles indispensable to industrial pursuits,

without which no taxes could be paid. TARIFF TAXES. "While internal revenue war taxes have been reduced to 18 per cent, war tariff taxes continue to burden the peotion, not of taxes, but of revenues, and ple and hinder their progress. Sugar, that the desired end is reached both which under the Morrill tariff at the commencement of the war paid ic. per pound, now pays nearly 2c.; rice paid arbitrary assumption and are entitled to ic. per pound and now 21c.; woolen goods have already been shown to pay louble as much now as then, and while tariff taxes have been removed from a more firmly than it has been fixed since

comparatively few articles, in taxing which protectionists tound no profit, they have not failed to continue their average 47 per cent. to their own great advantage and the greater disadvantage of the mass of their fellowmen, who pay it. The evil of a great pension applicants to follow the method laid down by congressional enactments. The evil of a great pension belowers. comparatively few articles, in taxing which protectionists tound no profit, and is part of the bill heretofore re-ported. Except 'bristles,' the articles advantage and the greater disadvantage ported. Except 'bristles,' the articles advantage and the greater disadvantage placed on the free list are so placed of the mass of their fellowmen, who with others in the bill already reported to the house. Animals for breeding purposes, free in all our tariffs in which they have been specially named, are added to the taxable list. The few much beer; 80,000,000 pounds, or and unimportant proposed reductions three-fourths as much or more of toin the dutiable articles, aggregating less than \$1,000,000, may well be made, many cigars, and fifteen time as many inform the members of the two houses cigarettes as they used ten years ago, and the friends of these industries may part, proposed in a bill introduced by the chairman of your committee and are making. A tax on these is largely not reported, the committee believing a tax on indulgence and excess and the reductions reported more urgent its payment largely voluntary. Taxes and their amount as large as the de-

and before any war taxes were added that before 1860, in the 200 years of They can not help themselves for all

is 45 cents a pound and 40 per cent. on the value, much more than double the Morrill tariff rate. This bill increases pound rates to 30 cents, which are now 10 cents, 12 cents, 18 cents and 24 cents, and again so largely increases the tax on woolen cloths and goods as to turther prevent importation from abroad and to add to the cost of woolen clothing at home, while estimating a reduction of \$1,294,529 in the income to the terasury as the result of a higher tax on the people.

UNEQUAL AND EXCESSIVE TAXATION, dry goods store on State street the other evening, had the misfortune to tread on a lady's skirt. The lady instantly turned around, her face flushed with vexation and fire flashing from her eyes. Hundred the contents of the second of the second of the contents of the second of the second of the contents of the second of the conten the value, much more than double the UNEQUAL AND EXCESSIVE TAXATION, dry goods store on State street the other City S. C. name per pound.

watch Date

grinted with your name upon the sable of cotton abroad when the time to which you have paid." If your time has expired, please renew, and if the date is incorrect notify us at once.

siderable item of expense and indispensable on the sale of cotton abroad when taken in exchange for cotton or other-tiful harvests, blest with health, the only plague which affects us is idle-falling due September 5 and \$62,000 falling due November 10 be paid also. This will make a total reduction in the slower of the sale of cotton abroad when the sinking fund; and that \$91,000 falling due September 5 and \$62,000 falling due November 10 be paid also. This will make a total reduction in the slower of the sale of cotton abroad when the sinking fund; and that \$91,000 falling due September 5 and \$62,000 falling due November 10 be paid also. This will make a total reduction in the slower of the sale of cotton abroad when the sinking fund; and that \$91,000 falling due September 5 and \$62,000 falling due November 10 be paid also. This will make a total reduction in the slower of the sale of cotton abroad when the sinking fund; and that \$91,000 falling due September 5 and \$62,000 falling due November 10 be paid also. This will make a total reduction in the slower of the sale of cotton abroad when the sinking fund; and that \$91,000 falling due September 5 and \$62,000 falling due November 10 be paid also. This will make a total reduction in the slower of the sale of the sinking fund; and that \$91,000 falling due September 5 and \$62,000 falling due November 10 be paid also. This will make a total reduction in the slower of the sale of the sinking fund; and that \$91,000 falling due September 5 and \$62,000 falling due November 10 be paid also. This will make a total reduction in the slower of the sale of the Our Agents.

Our Agents.

Our Agents.

The receipts of the following persons will be estimate of doubling the taxes.

The receipts at this office:

J. W. Graham.

Mayview.

W. P. Johnson.

Odessa
J. Q. Plattenburg.

Dover
J. Q. Plattenburg.

Dover
J. W. Adjor.

Advisible.

Advisible.

Advisible.

Advisible.

Advisible.

The receipts at the present rates are \$162,744, and, if doubled with double taxes, would be \$322,373; the estimate of the bill, through an increase of taxation, to shut out goods from above made at issue of refunding bonds offered at sale to the highest bidder—and there is littaxes, would be \$322,373; the estimate of the state, and articles essential in the bill, through an increase of taxation, to shut out goods from above made at issue of refunding bonds offered at sale to the highest bidder—and there is littaxes, would be \$322,373; the estimate of the state, and articles essential in the bill, through an increase of taxation, to shut out goods from above made at issue of refunding bonds offered at sale to the highest bidder—and there is littaxes, would be \$322,373; the estimate of taxation upon three-fourths of a million than the price of the bill is \$62,000.

The receipts at the present rates are \$162,744, and, if doubled with double taxes, would be \$322,373; the estimate of taxation upon three-fourths of a million than the price of the bill, the price of the bill is \$62,000.

The receipts at the receipts at the present rates are though the taxes.

The receipts at the office:

\$162,744, and, if doubled with double as to prevent the importation of all the double that the prices offered for the bill, the price at the present rates are though the present rates are though the present rates are the present rates are

Tin plate, and articles essential in every house, and especially so among those who work in shops, mills and difference between what is popularly to the legislature and the people, bemines, and are large consumers of known as good and hard times. The cause, in addition to its own considerpound and yields \$5,055,590 to the treasury. This is to be increased 125 its juices will turn a wheel, shaft or were very harassing. But so much per cent., or to 24 cents per pounds, spindle Wool, wood, salt, hemp, cheap has been done in the way of reducing amounting to \$1,375,079, but the infood for toiling men, lie at the foundation the state debt and readjusting and reducing the state debt and creased tax is estimated to reduce the tion of great and successful industries. ducing the county debts, that the subrevenue to \$1,000,000 or one-fifth of To free these from taxes will cheapen ject has ceased to be a cause for anxiethe tax before the increase while the other four-fifths and all the increase, or \$10,375,079, is to be taxed into the pockets of plate-makers.

These etterments of the activated formula of the solid profitably abroad, and obligations are now in a condition to with which we are overstocked at home. take care of themselves under the oper INCREASED NATIONAL WEALTH.

Marvellous as this growth from 1860 to 1880 may appeor, it shows a yearly saving of only \$37 50 to every person of our then average of 40,000,000. Whatever number of persons saved tive history to empty the treasury by the use of the taxing power, the first the use of the taxing power, the first \$75, an equal number saved nothing; restoration at Washington, which, acfor as many as acquired \$112 50, three cording to the republican horoscope, DOORS, SASH, tection's sake," but for the following declaration from the same source as the bill: "I do not believe there is in the constitution of the United States an fortable spiritual states and some states of the spiritual spiritual states and some states of the spiritual s constitution of the United States an fortable existence. Facts plain as these the contrary, it is bringing with it very show how dangerously near the great marked symptoms of improvement. The fiscal year ended a week ago, and suffering. To those not blind to the the exhibit of the government finances wants of their less fortunate fellowmen, facts like these show why all men should have a right to work and enjoy the fruits of their earnings, burdened the fruits of their earnings. with such taxes only as are indispensa- dicted. The receipts and expenditure ble to the public safety. It may be said statement shows an excess of high that the people get the burden, and the monopolists the benefit and the from unnecessary taxes. It is sometime, there has been a decrease in times made with the assurance of apparent belief in the truth of what always and still is untrue, the Morrill ways and still is untrue, the Morrill tariff, approved by Mr. Buchanau, did not exceed 60 per cent. of the present rate, and was declared by its author, ceding year, which shows that Union

to the level of fair competition. We under a democratic regime LOW-TARIFF PERIOD.

"Of the growth and progress of manufactures in that lower tariff period Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, when a mem-1850 of manufactures was imperiect and understated, and that of 1860 will show a prodigious increase, true now, but not comparatively true. In this prosperity the rebel states have shared to some extent. The whole amount of acco and other internal taxes \$43,542,299. The increase has been 55 Bumgarner, Mattie, insane; Joseph Files per cent. in the loyal states alone, or Emison, Willie, mi; Annie E Emison, guar per cent. in the loyal states alone, or the amount now for these states is \$65,928,486, and New England produces almost as much as the whole country did ten years ago, or \$38,509

The increase in cotton goods in in the middle states, 55 per cent.; in the southern states over 63 per cent. The total amount of agricultural imple-ments produced in the whole Union in 1850 was \$6,842,611; in twenty of the

more prodigious than the increase of nanufactures and those who refuse to be encouraged by prosperity not built upon taxation may still take comfort in that public necessity which requires a revenue of at least \$160,000,000 to be derived from custom-house tolls."

THE STRONG HAND AGAIN.

[From the Kansas City Times.] The old democrats who are inclined complain that the president does not fill up the offices fast enough with his es, with more than half the liquor party friends will forgive much to the

The republicans have had their own arrogant way so long that many democrats in Washington have been trained to believe that in ordinary routine proedure it is the only and the right way. Probably Mr. Cleveland is the only man who could have been elected to the presidency with a will sufficiently strong to conquer that most insolent of bodies, a republican senate.

He has met republican senators in public c fair combat, and has defeated them upon the question of tenure of office. He has established the presidential be curate prerogative in its constitutional place

The evil of a great pension brokerage office in the two houses of congress he has done his best to correct. In this reform his aim has not been to be harsh inform the members of the two houses that private bills lobbied through cannot receive his signature when they are fraudulent or improperly presented. To the senators accustomed to carrytude of the president is a surprise. It is an obstacle unexpected and so buge mands upon the government, in view necessaries of life. This tax should not unyielding that they are reduced to the extremity of blubbering like children whose toys have been lost

(From the Chicago Telegram.)

COTTON TIES AND TIN PLATES.

Cotton is only produced in a few and are in the midst of industrial parfection. It is something we expect

Total de botton diode.

We all have our ideal of human perfection. It is something we expect

Apply to

THE STATE DEBT.

[From the St. Louis Republican.] The Missouri tund commissioners, at

ation of wise laws. The state debt and county debts are melting steadily away "The last census estimates show an The former has been reduced to \$11, increased national wealth of \$30,000,-000,000 for the previous twenty years. whose taxable property is \$725,000,000.

SIXTEEN MONTHS. [From the St. Louis Republican.] It is cheerful to know that, after

always a protectionist, to be fully up soldiers are not robbed of their dues cannot reach that now comparatively low level. The financial needs of the legislation since Mr. Cleveland's inaugovernment forbid it, and will long guration; the tariff, the currency and continue to forbid it. Next before its the commercial policy of the country adoption we had a still lower tariff, remain as they were before. But the and yet the period of its existence was administration of the government has the most prosperous period of like been in democratic hands, and the reduration in our history. sult is a general economical improvement which republicans themselves are forced to recognize.

> PROBATE COURT DOCKET. August Term, 1886. MONDAY, AUGUST 9TH, 1886.

lan eous business. TUESDAY, AUGUST 10TH, 1886 Moore, Nettie B. mi ; A. C. Moore, guardian. Baker, Annie, mi , Jo. A. Wilson, pub. cur. Baker, Phebe, mi , Jo. A. Wilson, pub. cur. Radford, Emmet, mi ; Green D. Satterfield,

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 11TH, 1886. Wakeman, Geo., minor; Geo. W. Wakeman, urator.
Dawson, Margaret, minor; Margaret Butt,

curator.

S'ewart Emma, mi.; A. C. Burnham, cur.
S'ewart, Wm. A., mi.; A. C. Burnham, cur.
Stewart, John W., mi.; A. C. Burnham, cur.
Nave, James, et al., mi.; W. N. Palmer, cur.
Greer, Thomas, et al., minor; Charles R. Anderson, curator
Trail, Mary W. A. D., minor; W. M. N.
Green, curator. Green, curator.
Zeysing, Robert, deceased; Ervin Zeysing, administrator de bonts non.
Catlaway, Morris, mi.; Geo. M. Catron, cur TUESDAY, AUGUST 12TH, 1886. Farrell, Tina, mi.; J. W. Tucker, guardian Unamberlain, John, minor; W. Chamberlain

Chamberlain, John, minor; W. Chamberlain, curator
Lee, Richard, mi; Samuel K. Bealle, cur.
Ryland, Corydon, minor; Kebecca Ryland,
curatrix.
Berry, Josephine, mi; Rosa Berry, guardian.
Berry, Lorena, mi; Rosa Berry, guardian.
Fickle, John W., dec'd; H. H. Fickle, admr.,
Knipmeyer, Wm., deceased; Jo. A. Wilson,
public administrator
Johnson, Mertie, mi; H. D. Kite, guardian,
Flournoy, Gideon, dec'd, M. W. Flournoy,
administrator

administrator
Henning, Dorris, deceased; Claus. Hennin administrator. PRIDAY, AUGUST 13TH, 1886. Lankford, A P., deceased; Robert Lankford, dministrator. Ish, Marsha, dec'd ; Jo, A. Wilson, admin'r Alkinson, H. D., minor; Almyra Atkinsor

curatrix.
Vivion, Flavel C., deceased; James F. Campbell, a ministrator.
Zentmeyer, Jacob, dec'd; Isaac Neale, admr. Cox, Robert W., dec'd.; Wm H. Chiles, admr. Callaway, Wm., deceased; George Callaway.

Bates, Wm. H., mi; John J. Barker, guard. Tate, John G., minor; M. G. Tate, guardian Fitzgerel, Dora M. mi; Frances S. Wedge Gurator

Fitzgerel, Dork M. Ini.; Frances S. Wedge,
Curator

Fitzgerel, Oliie, mi., Frances S. Wedge, cur.
Bryant, Edwin G., mi.; Sr. W. Creasey, cur.
Hill, Maggie M. D., mi.; S. W. Creasey, curator.

Creasey, Charles, mi.; S. W. Creasey, curator. SATURDAY, AUGUST 14TH, 1886.

m, Hiram L., deceased, John E. Bu public curator.
Graves, Clarence, minor; Jo. A. Wilson
public curator.
Graves, Maggie, minor; Jo. A. Wilson, pub-Graves, Thomas G., minor; Jo. A. Wilson, public curator
Graves, Jessie Lee, minor; Jo. A. Wilson,

MONDAY, AUGUST 16TH, 1886 Nesbit, Mary T. minor; D. Y. Prigmore, cur Johnson, A. G., mi.; D. Y. Prigmore, cur Johnson, Charles, mi.; D. Y. Prigmore, cur-Johnson, Jesse, mi.; D. Y. Prigmore, cur-Johnson, Emmet miner; D. Y. Prigmore, cur-Fizzerel, Wm. J., minor; Jo. A. Wilson, Fitzgerel, John H., minor; Jo. A. Wilson public curator.

E. M. Chrisman vs. Estate B. F. Hitt, demand.
Desin, Hugh-ie, minor; Jo. A. Witson, public administrator. TUESDAY, AUGUST 17TH, 1886.

Lawson Smith vs. estate of Edward W.: dec. ased, demand, True copy, attest: VENOPHON RYLAN XENOPHON RYLAND, Judge of Probate Lexington darket.

In this report the wholesale prices are g

The Medical Brief, published at Ct. Banks, Stys in the June, 1881, issue: "Many have become victims to the use of topium or morphine, from the use of those drugs for the relief of Neural gia. It is gratifying to observe that such dangerous consequences may be averted by the use of Tonoaline, which is almost a specific in the acute form of Neuralgia."

"Have given Tongaline a fair trial in Neuralgia in the acute form of Neuralgia."

"Have given Tongaline a fair trial in Neuralgia in the acute form of Neuralgia."

"Have given Tongaline a fair trial in Neuralgia in the acute form of Neuralgia."

"Have given Tongaline a fair trial in Neuralgia in the acute form of Neuralgia."

"Have given Tongaline a fair trial in Neuralgia in the second FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS: PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

A. A. MELLIER, Sole Proprietor, 709 and 711 WASHINGTON AVENUE, ST. LOUIS

ORGANS A. C. M. BIRD,

Mrs. Frazier. T. A. Murray Charles Wood. B. F. Ludlam, Misses Edna and Mamie Ward, J. S. Christeson. B. Ferguson W. T. Glover, Col. D. Reddington, T. F. Williams,

G. A. STURGES.

36-66-38-38-36-36

A LARGE STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND, INCLUDING

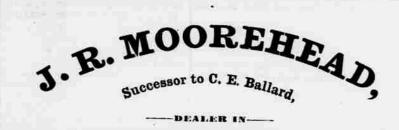
SHINGLES, LATHS,

BATTONS, MOULDINGS, &c.

I also carry a stock of Oak Lumber. Orders for odd sizes in Oak filled on short notice. Lime, Hair, Plaster, Cement, &c., always on hand. have any purpose relating to

A SYSTEM OF FINANCE,
it points to direct taxation, for when internal revenue taxes are taken off and custom-house taxes are laid on so high that the people get the burden, and

The purpose relating to the purpose relating to the purpose saiety. It may be said that any real reduction in the rate of \$90,528,000, one-half of which went into the sinking fund for reduction of the debt. There has been an increase of th



BER Money to Loan

Having purchased the business of Mr. C. E. Ballard, I am prepared to furnish those desiring to build, materials in my line

AT PRICES = LOW AS THE LOWEST! Good Farming Land Security

I have on hand a full assortment of

LUMBER, LATH, SHINCLES, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, &c.,

----ALSO,----Lime, Hair, Cement,

> Tar Building Paper, Plaster Paris, &c., &c.

Berry Brothers' Varnish,

In Quantities from a Half Pint to a Half Gallon.

Pure Southern White Lead.

Pure Boiled Linseed Oil,

Agent for Vane, Calvert & Co.'s Mixed Paints in quantities from one pint and upward.

Give me a call, at C. E. Ballard's old stand, ministrator.
Hackley, Wm. M. and Geo W., minors; Jo. and you will save money.

J. R. MOOREHEAD,

Main Street, 1 Block East of Courthou 3 HOME-MADE WAGONS! MONEY TO LOAN



JOHN E. QUANDT,

RANKLIN AVENUE, has on hand and for sale, quite a number of Farm Wagons, made in Lexington, by skilled workmen, from the very best timber procurable, and warranted to be small af not superior to any wagon ever sold beequal, if not superior; to any wagon ever sold or manufactured here. Any sized thimble skein now in stock, and with all the best and latest attachments, such as spring seats, lever-brakes, etc. Also

Home-Made Spring Wagons, warranted in every particular. Call and examine wagons and get prices before purchasing elsewhere, and encourage hime mechanics when you can do as well or better with your money by purchasing here june26y1

Perritory given, satisfaction guaranteed. Address DR.SCOTT,842 Broadway St., N.Y. apr24w12 southern states and is the one field, alysis A million of workmen are idle everybody but ourselves to come up to produced in a few and are in the midst of industrial parfection. It is something we expect everybody but ourselves to come up to produced in a few and are in the midst of industrial parfection. It is something we expect everybody but ourselves to come up to produced in a few and are in the midst of industrial parfection. It is something we expect everybody but ourselves to come up to produced in a few and are in the midst of industrial parfection. It is something we expect everybody but ourselves to come up to produced in a few and are in the midst of industrial parfection. It is something we expect everybody but ourselves to come up to produced in a few and are in the midst of industrial parfection. It is something we expect the everybody but ourselves to come up to purely to purel

Corsets. Sample free to those be AULII J corsets. Sample free to those be

IN SUMS TO SUIT.

ON FIVE YEARS TIME, \$1,000

\$3,000.

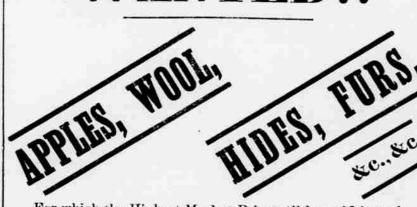
LAND SECURITY NO DELAY!

. \$25,000,

APPLY TO E. WINSOR, LEXING-SOR, WIGGINSVILLE. MISSOURI.

IF YOU WANT MONEY GET IT WHILE YOU CAN, E, WINSOR & SON,

WANTED!!



For which the Highest Market Price will be paid in cash.

ALBERT LOOMIS,

"THE DAISY" GROCERY STORE!!

JNO. M. SMITH GROCER,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS, PROVISIONS, COUNTRY PRODUCE, &c., &c.

I have just received a full line of choice Canned Fruits and Vegetables of this season's packing, together with a superior stock of Dried Fruits, Raisins, Citrons, &c., &c. Also, a full assortment of Platt & Co.'s Celebrated Can ed Goods. I shall be pleased to have you call and examine for yourself.

JOHN M. SMITH.

MONDAY, AUGUST 2ND, 1886,

MONDAY, AUGUST 2ND, 1886,

SHERIFF'S SALE.

THUSTEE'S SALT.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

Maria E, Pickett et al

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTI-Catherine Hentz, et al **BOUR & SON**

Provisions. Country Produce.

Fresh Meat. FRANKLIN STREET, lear Wentworth Maie Academy.

NEW BUILDING.

-ON FIVE YEARS TIME -At 6 per Cent. Interest,

MONDAY, AUGUST 2ND, 1886, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, and in front of the courthouse door, in the city of Lexington, in Latayette county, Missouri, during the season of the said circuit count of said county, sell publicly, by auction, to the highest bidder, for one-fourth cash, the balance in one (i), two(2) and three (3)years in equal payments, with interest it the rate of eight (8) per cent, per annum on the deferred payments, deed or deeds to be made to the purchaser or purchasers and secured by a deed of finat on the property sold, all the right, title, interest, claim and estate of the said planning and defendants in said order of sale, in and to the following described real estate, situate lying and being in the country of Latayette and state of Missouri, to-wit: Eighty (80) acree, the cash half of the northeast quarter of section (13), and twenty (20) acres, the north half of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section thirteen (13) all in township torty-mine (49) of range twenty-six (25), containing one-hundred (100) acres; also lot number six (6), in block L, in the first addition to the town of Aultville, all in Latayette country, Missouri, Given under my band this 6th slay of July, 1886.

SHERIFFYN SALE.

In sums to suit, with small commuses

TAYLOR & LESUEUR.

Lexington, Mo., July 11, 1885. INSURANCE

AGENCY.

A LL Persons desiring reliable fire and torna-do insurance are invited to place their risks with me. I have several of the best companies in this country. Among them

The OLD RELIGIOUS CONTINENTAL, of N. Y.

The AMERICAN, Of Newark, New Jersey.

The CONCORDIA, of Milwaukee, Wis

Come in and let me write up ur policies. Time is money. Office over Gordon & Fulkerson's drug store.

ROBT. A. HICKLIN,

RINEHART & EDMONDS,

LEXINGTON, :: MISSOURI.

HARDWARE CUTLERY HOUSE

SEE BIG RED AXE. Morrison Building, apposite the

E. HOFFMAN & CO.,

equal to any made in America

belivered to any part of the City Free of Charg

Give us a Call.

BLACK MONSTER OF THE AIR THE CYCLONE,

IAS ALREADY APPEARED IN 1886, SWEEP-ING AWAY TOWNS, CITIES AND FARM HOUSES; CARRYING DEATH AND DES-TRUCTION IN HIS PATHWAY.

ORNADO AND CYCLONE In the Old Reliable Companies represented by

Insurance, Beat Estate and Loan Agents. Insurance and Real Estate Agents, Lexington. july10t5

FINAL SETTLEMENT. NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested in the estate of Robt. W. Cox,
deceased, that the undersigned, administrator,
will apply to make a final settlement of said
estate at the August term, 1886, of the Probate
court of Lafayette county, Missouri, to be begon and held at the probate court recem, in the
city of Lexington, on the second Monday in
August, 1886.

june2615

Administrator.

FINAL SETTLEMENT. apply to make a finat settlement of said estate at the Augus term, Issis, of the Probate court of Lafayette courty, Missouri, to be begun and held at the Probate court room, in the city of Lexington, on the second Monday in August, 1886. ROBERT H. LANKFORD. june26:5

June26:5 FINAL SETTLEMENT.

NC FIGE is hereby given to all persons inter C files is hereby given to all persons inter cested in the estate of Flavel C Vivion, deceased, that lie undersigned, administrator, with the will annexed, will apply to make a final settlement of said estate at the August term, 1886, of the Frobate court of Lafayette county, Missouri, to be begun and held at the probate court room, in the city of Lexington, on the second Monday in August, 1886, JAMES F. CAMPBELL, june 2015 Administrator with will annexed. FINAL SETTLEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons inter-ceased, that the undersigned, administrator de-bonis non, will apply to make a final settlement of said estate, at the August term, 1886, of the Pro-bate court of Lafayette county, Missouri, to be begun and held at the Probate court room, in the city of Lexington, on the second Monday in August, 1886. ngust, 1886.
ERWIN ZEYSING.
june26:5 Administrator de bonis non. RESIGNATION NOTICE.

NOTICE is herebygiven to all persons interested in the estate of Meta Sumpenhaus, a minor, that the undersigned, curator of said estate, will make application to resign his curatorship of said estate at the August term of the probate court of Lafayette county, to be held at the probate court room, in the dity of Lexington, on the second Monday in August, 1886. ERNEST STUMPENHAUS, may 19:2

Carator. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S

NOTICE. By virtue of an order of the probate court of Lafayette county, Missouri, made on the 14th day of June, 1886, the undersigned, public administrator for said county, is ordered to take charge of the estate of Beverly Arnold, deceased.

deceased.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance within one year after the date of this notice, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited with in two years they will be lorever barred.

Juniotic Jo. A. Wil.SON, Public Administrator, with will annexed. Mary Finnegan, et al.

By virtue of an order of sale issued from the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Lafayette county, Missouri, made at the April term th reof, 1886, in favor of Catharine Hentz and John Hentz, her husband and Thomas Finn gan, and against Mary Finnegan, Annie Finnegan and John Finnegan arnors, to me directed, and returnable to the August term, 1886, of said court, I will, on EXECUTRIX' NOTICE,

EXECUTRIX' NOTICE.

ETTER'S testamentary on the estate of Jacob R. Eckle, deceased, were graned to the undersigned on the 21st day of June, 1886, by the Probate court of Lafayette county, Missouri.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance within one year after the date of this notice, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years they will be forever barred.

June 2615

ELIRABETH ANN ECKLE, june 2615

Executrix. ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

MONDAY, AUGUST 2ND, 1886, between the nours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, and in front of the courthouse door, in the oily of Lexington. In Latayette county, Missouri, during the ses ion of the said circuit court of said county, seil publicly, by auction to the highest bidder, for one-third cash, and the balance in tweive (12) and eighteen (15) months, in equal payments, with interest at the rate of eight (8) per cent, per annum on the deferred payments, a deed to be made to purchaser, and deed of trust taken to secure the unpaid purchase money, all the right, title, interest claim and estate of the said plannings and defendants in said order of tale, in and to the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the county of Lafayette and state of Missouri, to-wit: Lots number six (6) and twelve (12) in block number two (2), in Waddell's addition to the city of Lexington.

Gven under my hand this 7th day of July ded on the estate of Cornelius E. Ballard, deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 7th day of July, 1886, by the Probate court of Lainyette county, Missouri.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance within one year after the date of this notice, they may be precluded from any benefit of successitate; and it such claims be not exhibited within two years they will be forever barred.

ROBERT TAYLOR, july 10:5 Administrator with will annexed. ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

DY virtue of an order of the Probate court of D Lafayette county, Missouri, made at the day term, A. D., 1886, of said contt, I will on John H. Fitzgerel et al

Wish of the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Lafayette county, Missouri, made at the April term thereof, 1886, and the county of Lafayette county of John H. Fitzgerel and William J. Fitzgerel and William J. Fitzgerel and William J. Fitzgerel and Henry Fitz and said May E. Fitzgerel and Henry Fitz are, her busband, to me directed, and returnable to the August term. SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTI-TION, John H. Fitzgerel et al MONDAY, AUGUST 2, 1886,

of the weat hat of the southwest quarter of section twenty (20), and ten (10) acres off the cast side of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section nineteen (18), lying between a branch and the section line, all in township sity one (51), and range twenty-five (25), or so much thereof as may be necessary to finish the payment of the debts of said deceased.

Administrator of the estate of John O. Lockmart, deceased.

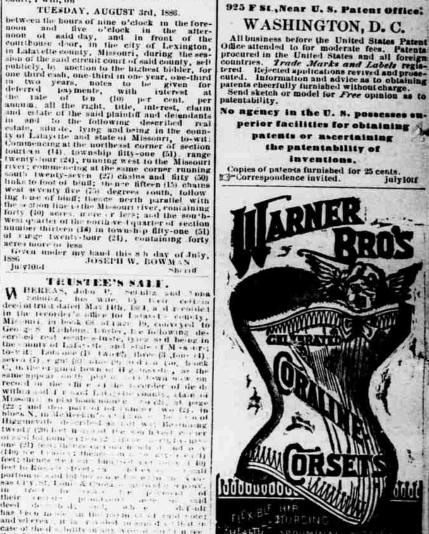
JAMES W. LEWIS. NETTLEWOOD,

PATENTS BY virtue of a decree and order of sale, issued from the office of the clerk of the circuit court of Lafayette county. Missourt, in favor of Albert G. Wilson and against Maria E. Pickett and A. J. Pickett, her husband, to me directed and returnable to the August term, 1886, of said court, I will, on

TUESDAY, AUGUST 3rd, 1886. FRANKLIN H. HOUGH.

WASHINGTON, D. C. All business before the United States Patent Odice attended to for moderate fees. Patents procured in the United States and all foreign countries. Trade Marks and Labels registered. Rejected applications revived and prosecuted. Information and advice as to obtaining patents cheerfully furnished without charge. Send sketch or model for Free opinion as to patents billity.

No agency in the U. S. possesses ouperior facilities for obtaining patents or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.



ARE BY FAR THE MOST POPULAR COR-Is flexible and easy to the wearer.

Is used in no goods except those made by Warner Bros.

----\$10.00 REWARD= FOR ANY STRIP OF CORALINE THAT BREAKS WITH SIX MONTHS ORDINARY WEAR IN A CORSET, AVOID CHEAP INITATIONS BONED WITH VARIOUS KINDS OF CORD. ALL GENUINE CORALINE CORSETS HAVE CORALINE PRINTED ON INSIDE OF STEEL COVER.

For Sale by all Leading Merchants. WARNER BROS, 141 & 143 Wabash Ave.



AND CYCLONE

INSURANCE POLICIES,
INSURANCE POLICIES,
cliable Companies represented by

E. WINSOR & SON,

I. Fatate Agents, Lexington.

Of this court, 1886, an order will be made not assist of the whole, or so much of the real estate of said doseph M. Handly as will be sufficient for the payment of said doseph M. Handly as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts.

And it is farther ordered that this notice be published in the Lexington Weekly Intelligencer, a newspaper published in said county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the commencement of the next term of this court.

A true copy Attest.

XENOPHON RYLAND,
july1015

Probate Judge.

Of this court, 1886, an order will be made not assist to the real estate of said doseph M. Handly as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts.

And it is farther ordered that this notice be published in the Lexington Weekly Intelligencer, a newspaper published in said county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the county of the county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the county of Latayette, for four weeks successively before the count